



## BREAKDOWN OF FUNDING REQUIREMENTS (USD) 2023

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITY AREAS	2023
<b>Save lives and respond to needs through humanitarian assistance and protection</b>	
Basic Needs, including Food	17,800,000
Camp Coordination and Camp Management	34,800,000
Direct Health Support	3,600,000
Mental Health and Psychosocial Support in Humanitarian Response	700,000
Movement Assistance	4,500,000
Protection	4,500,000
Provision of Water, Sanitation and Hygiene in Emergencies	17,800,000
Shelter, Settlements and Non-Food Items	48,600,000
Humanitarian Border Management and Emergency Consular Assistance	800,000
<b>Address the drivers and longer term impacts of crises and displacement through investments in recovery and crisis prevention</b>	
Community stabilization	5,500,000
Durable Solutions	7,700,000
Peacebuilding and peace preservation	3,000,000
Provision of Water, Sanitation and Hygiene in Transitional and Post-Crisis Situations	13,000,000
Health System Strengthening	9,100,000
Mental Health and Psychosocial Support: Dialogue and Social Cohesion towards Recovery and Crisis Prevention	1,300,000
Restoring Housing, Land and Property Rights	3,800,000
<b>Strengthen preparedness and reduce disaster risk</b>	
Disaster Prevention	1,000,000
Water, Sanitation and Hygiene in Preparedness and Risk Reduction	7,700,000
Health Components of Preparedness and Risk Reduction	2,000,000
System Strengthening for Mental Health and Psychosocial Support	400,000
<b>Contribute to an Evidence Based and Efficient Crisis Response System</b>	
Displacement Tracking	500,000
<b>TOTAL FUNDING REQUIRED</b>	<b>188,100,000</b>

# 2023 - Ethiopia Crisis Response Plan 2023

## CONTEXT ANALYSIS

The deteriorating humanitarian situation in recent years has led to increased humanitarian needs across Ethiopia, with over 20 million people – internally displaced persons (IDPs), returning IDPs, crisis-affected communities and returning migrants among them – needing humanitarian assistance and protection in 2022. As per's [DTM latest National Displacement Report](#) (June/July 2022), 2.72 million IDPs have been identified across 11 regions in Ethiopia. Due to operational constraints, locations in Tigray were not included. Conflict in the northern parts of the country, violence in many other parts, and natural hazards such as one of the worst droughts in recent decades, frequent floods and landslides are the main drivers of displacement and needs. High levels of displacement and damage to infrastructure and basic services have exposed the population to major protection risks.

Two years of conflict in northern Ethiopia, with renewed fighting in mid-2022, have created high humanitarian needs across Afar, Amhara and Tigray regions, which remain largely unaddressed. The cessation of hostilities following a peace agreement signed in early November 2022 raises hopes for lasting peace for a region devastated by conflict. Since the signature of the peace agreement, the improved security situation in Afar, Amhara and Tigray is opening up opportunities for humanitarian access to areas so far inaccessible. Humanitarian convoys and flights to Tigray have resumed, allowing humanitarian actors to expand and scale up much-needed assistance. Alongside immediate humanitarian assistance, transition and recovery efforts will be needed for affected communities to be able to recover ([OCHA, 2022](#)).

Ethiopia is ranked 161 of 182 countries on the 2022 Notre Dame Global Adaptation Initiative (ND-GAIN) Climate Vulnerability Index with increases in temperature, erratic rainfall and unpredictability of seasonal rain, increased incidences of drought and other extreme events. Many regions in Ethiopia are currently experiencing one of the most severe La Niña-induced droughts in recent decades, with more than 8 million people acutely food insecure. The death of 3.5 million livestock due to the drought has further destroyed livelihoods. Drought-affected regions comprise three-quarters of the total land area of Ethiopia with Somali, Oromia and Afar Regions the most severely impacted. 1.8 million people are displaced in drought-affected regions of Ethiopia and one out of five displaced persons in Ethiopia is displaced due to drought (as per [IOM's latest displacement report published in October 2022](#)). One of every four migrants along the Eastern Route is from drought-affected regions of Ethiopia, and one of every four returning migrants is going back to the country's drought-affected regions. Limited food availability is likely to lead to increased migration as populations move in search of food and pasture. These populations on the move commonly face additional barriers to accessing health care and therefore are more at risk of ill health including malnutrition. Poor living conditions in temporary settlements also predispose populations to outbreaks of communicable diseases including cholera and measles. Furthermore, limited healthcare access can fuel tensions between displaced and host communities.

Ethiopia is also an important departure, transit and destination country for mixed migration flows in the Horn of Africa. Hundreds of thousands of Ethiopians, primarily youth, migrate towards the Middle East (mainly the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia), South Africa, and Europe every year. Forced migration due to climate change has worsened in recent years, exposing vulnerable populations to trafficking in persons and other forms of exploitation. Between January and October 2022, IOM registered over 100,000 returning migrants to Ethiopia, with the majority – more than 71,000 – coming from the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. This trend has brought the total number of migrants forcefully returned from the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia to half a million since 2017. An alarming number of migrants arrive destitute and with serious medical and psychiatric conditions which challenge the local capacities. The conflict in northern Ethiopia has made the situation of migrants even more precarious, with returns to home communities made impossible and migrants becoming stranded. Approximately one-third of all returns from the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia originate from areas devastated by conflict.

## COORDINATION

IOM is a key agency and standing member of the Ethiopian Humanitarian Country Team (EHCT) and supports the Government of Ethiopia's (GoE) Disaster Risk Management Commission's (EDRMC) preparedness and response efforts, such as in preparing the annual inter-agency Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP). As the Emergency Shelter/Non-Food Items (ES/NFI) Cluster lead agency, co-chaired with the GoE/EDRMC, IOM is also a member of the Disaster Risk Management Technical Working Group (DRMTWG), the Inter-Cluster Coordination Group (ICCG) and the National Flood Task Force (NFTF). In addition, IOM co-leads the Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM) Cluster with the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), which was activated in 2021. IOM has been a pioneer of durable solutions within the country and is co-chair of the Federal Durable Solutions Working Group (DSWG) and several Regional DSWGs. IOM is also an active member of:

- Ethiopia Cash Working Group (CWG) – Co-chair.

- Inter-Agency Accountability Working Group (IAAWG) - Co-chair.
- Information Management Working Group.
- National Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (WASH) Cluster Strategic Advisory Group (SAG).
- National ES/NFI Cluster SAG.
- National Protection Cluster SAG.
- Mental Health and Psychosocial Support (MHPSS) Technical Working Group in Shire and Mekelle – Co-lead.

IOM's interventions are coordinated at all levels with relevant governmental, non-governmental and UN partners. For instance, to support returnees from the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, IOM works closely with the government, the UN and civil society partners to provide life-saving post-arrival assistance, reintegration assistance, and special assistance to unaccompanied and separated children (UASC). In addition to day-to-day coordination among partners' operational staff, activities are coordinated through a coordination platform and regular meetings. IOM Ethiopia furthermore chairs the UN Migration Network for Ethiopia, and coordinates the joint planning of UN and civil society partners under the Migrant Response Plan (MRP) for Yemen and the Horn of Africa.

## IOM CAPACITY

Since its office opened in Ethiopia in 1995, IOM has been contributing to the efforts of the GoE to effectively manage migration through a wide variety of projects and programmes. Today, IOM's presence in Ethiopia includes its main office in Addis Ababa, 13 sub and field offices across the country covering all Regional States, five Migration Response Centres (MRCs) along key migratory routes, three Migration Health Assessment Centres (MHACs) and three Transit Centres for returning migrants and departing refugees. IOM has more than 1,100 personnel across Ethiopia, of whom a large majority are working in emergency and post-crisis programming, including the Rapid Response Fund (RRF), which supports local and international non-governmental organizations (NGOs) through small grants and timely procurement. IOM has been a leader in emergency and post-crisis assistance in Ethiopia for decades and continues to provide impartial and accountable services for displacement-affected and at-risk communities nationwide. IOM Ethiopia has a dedicated Migration Health Department, providing comprehensive health, nutrition and MHPSS services to migrants and vulnerable populations across Ethiopia, including migration health assessments and travel assistance.

## SAVE LIVES AND RESPOND TO NEEDS THROUGH HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND PROTECTION

**Funding Required**  
\$133,100,000

**People Targeted**  
2,600,000

### People Targeted Description

IOM seeks to provide humanitarian assistance to 2,528,000 displacement-affected people, including IDPs and host communities. People targeted include 45,000 refugees assisted with relocation assistance. Through the ES/NFI and CCCM Clusters, IOM also continues to support cluster partners (international and national NGOs (I/NNGOs), other UN agencies, and national and regional government authorities). In addition, IOM aims to support 127,000 vulnerable migrant returnees to Ethiopia, including with food, WASH, NFIs, health/nutrition, MHPSS and protection support.



### BASIC NEEDS, INCLUDING FOOD

In line with CWG recommendations, IOM:

- Provides multi-purpose cash transfer (MPCT) assistance to crisis-affected populations to cover basic needs such as emergency food, livelihoods, shelter, WASH, as well as transportation costs.

Considering that IDPs are on the move and that needs of affected people are diverse, unconditional cash-based assistance enables beneficiaries to prioritize their most pressing needs in a dignified manner. IOM implements MPCT programming directly and through RRF sub-granting to international and national NGOs.

**Funding Required**  
\$17,800,000



### CAMP COORDINATION AND CAMP MANAGEMENT

IOM supports CCCM along four pillars of response through:

**Funding Required**

- Supporting camp coordination and information management;
- Conducting site planning, development, maintenance and upgrading of communal structures or infrastructure;
- Establishing community representative structures for IDPs and strengthening community participation; and
- Building the capacity of CCCM partners on basic CCCM concepts and practices. IOM implements CCCM programming directly and through RRF sub-granting to international and national NGOs.

**\$34,800,000**



## DIRECT HEALTH SUPPORT

In order to support health outcomes, IOM plans to:

- Deliver comprehensive lifesaving primary health care (PHC) and nutrition services, integrating mental health and psychosocial support services and gender-based violence (GBV) risk mitigation for vulnerable populations in priority areas.
- Support government health facilities by deploying mobile health and nutrition teams. The scope of IOM's PHC services includes medical consultations, routine vaccination, nutrition screening including management of malnutrition, health promotion, and education at facility and community levels. Comprehensive reproductive health care services to women in the reproductive age group are provided including antenatal, delivery, family planning services, and postnatal care and referral.

**Funding Required**  
**\$3,600,000**



## MENTAL HEALTH AND PSYCHOSOCIAL SUPPORT IN HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE

IOM provides comprehensive, integrated and community-based MHPSS services that promote resilience, mental health and overall well-being of crisis-affected populations, including through:

- Deployment of Psychosocial mobile teams (PMTs) to mobile and static locations for direct service provision. Direct services provided by the PMTs include group counselling, referral to specialized mental health services for affected people with mental disorders, and socio-relational and recreational activities (such as sport and play, creative and art-based activities or cultural activities) to re-build the supportive social network of the affected population.

**Funding Required**  
**\$700,000**



Activities are aligned with the Inter-Agency Standing Committee (IASC) pyramid of intervention, covering all four levels as well as IOM's Manual on Community-based MHPSS in Emergencies and Displacement.

## MOVEMENT ASSISTANCE

In coordination with UNHCR, the government, and other partners, IOM will:

- Provide relocation assistance and protection in a timely, safe, voluntary and dignified manner for emergency movement assistance from points of entry (PoEs) to designated camps in Ethiopia, as well as relocation between camps. An effective feedback mechanism is in place to ensure that beneficiaries receive adequate and timely information about access to travel and movement assistance. Experienced medical and operations staff are deployed in operational areas to ensure their safety and dignity.

**Funding Required**  
**\$4,500,000**



## PROTECTION

IOM adheres to a risk-reduction approach to protection and delivers three inter-related and mutually supporting protection interventions:

- Through a case management approach, IOM addresses the needs of populations facing protection violations and risks, with a focus on GBV survivors, those at

**Funding Required**  
**\$4,500,000**

risk of GBV, and persons with specific needs (older persons and persons with disabilities, among others);

- IOM strengthens the capacities and knowledge of the rights of impacted groups and communities, with interventions aimed at supporting community-based protection mechanisms and reducing barriers to services, through a Do No Harm approach;
- IOM mainstreams protection (including GBV risk mitigation, Disability Inclusion, and Prevention against Sexual Exploitation and Abuse) through all interventions by capacitating frontline staff in identifying protection and GBV risks, responding to disclosures of protection and GBV incidents and devising sector-specific risk mitigation measures.



To strengthen the protection response to vulnerable returning migrants at air and land PoEs, IOM:

- Provides multi-sectoral assistance including shelter, NFIs, WASH, Multi-Purpose Cash Transfer (MPCT), movement assistance, basic medical assistance and MHPSS support, both in IOM-run Migrant Response Centres and in support of government-run shelters.

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## PROVISION OF WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE IN EMERGENCIES

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To support the provision of water, sanitation and hygiene, IOM will:

- Provide potable water through emergency water trucking, construct new and rehabilitate existing water supply schemes and sanitation facilities, procure and distribute WASH-related essential non-food items and water treatment chemicals, and promote hygiene awareness among displacement-affected populations and host communities. IOM's WASH support also includes the construction of household latrines for returnees through in-kind and cash-based interventions.

**Funding Required**  
**\$17,800,000**



IOM implements WASH programming directly and through RRF sub-granting to international and national NGOs.

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## SHELTER, SETTLEMENTS AND NON-FOOD ITEMS

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In order to support the shelter, settlements and non-food item needs of affected populations, IOM will:

- Provide in-kind emergency shelter, essential non-food household items, cash-for-rent, repair and maintenance of household and emergency communal shelters for displacement-affected populations, returnees, drought-impacted households and host communities.
- In areas where markets have been impacted by crises, market fairs with vouchers or cash for NFIs will be piloted.

**Funding Required**  
**\$48,600,000**



IOM implements shelter programming directly and through RRF sub-granting to international and national NGOs. The RRF maintains an ES/NFI pipeline to support Cluster partners to rapidly respond to urgent needs. As ES/NFI Cluster coordinator, IOM further aims to strengthen Cluster coordination, and continue to provide strategic and technical guidance and support to Cluster partners.

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## HUMANITARIAN BORDER MANAGEMENT AND EMERGENCY CONSULAR ASSISTANCE

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IOM is supporting the Government of Ethiopia to strengthen humanitarian border management, including through:

- Border patrol/rescue missions, joint border patrolling exercises, migration protection and referral training for border officials.

**Funding Required**  
**\$800,000**





Community dialogue as part of IOM's migration governance support. © IOM Ethiopia 2022

## ADDRESS THE DRIVERS AND LONGER TERM IMPACTS OF CRISES AND DISPLACEMENT THROUGH INVESTMENTS IN RECOVERY AND CRISIS PREVENTION

**Funding Required**  
\$43,400,000

**People Targeted**  
1,300,000

### People Targeted Description

IOM seeks to support progress towards durable solutions, focusing on IDPs in protracted displacement and returning IDPs, contributing to wider efforts to promote sustainable peace and development. IOM collaborates with community actors, such as women's peace committees as agents of change and marginalized groups, as well as relevant governmental and non-governmental stakeholders to promote inclusive peacebuilding processes and strengthen the institutional capacity of local actors. IOM targets government health and MHPSS actors, contributing to the surveillance and management of outbreaks and a strengthened MHPSS capacity as part of a unified health and mobility management approach. IOM furthermore supports local government structures and communities affected by displacement or at risk of displacement due to natural hazards in its disaster risk reduction work. IOM also works closely with affected communities to strengthen WASH preparedness efforts.



### COMMUNITY STABILIZATION

IOM supports climate and conflict-affected communities across Ethiopia to re-establish social, economic and governance structures. IOM will:

**Funding Required**  
\$5,500,000

- Implement inclusive governance dialogues and capacity building to ensure community-driven solutions and recovery through the community-based planning (CBP) approach. The CBP approach allows communities to address their self-identified, multi-sectoral recovery priorities, including for example the rehabilitation of community infrastructures, such as WASH infrastructure, schools or health posts, as well as livelihoods, natural resource management or social cohesion efforts.
- Support sustainable livelihoods and economic activities through on-farm (horticulture, beekeeping, pastoralism) and off-farm (entrepreneurship, enterprise development) interventions for affected communities to improve their socioeconomic conditions and strengthen their local integration, with a particular emphasis on the socioeconomic empowerment of marginalized groups such as women and youth.



### DURABLE SOLUTIONS

In support of the UN Secretary General's Action Agenda on Internal Displacement and recognizing that Ethiopia is one of the "focus" countries of the SG's Special Advisor on

**Funding Required**  
\$7,700,000

Solutions to Internal Displacement, IOM is supporting the coordination and implementation of the Durable Solutions Initiative (DSI) Ethiopia, jointly launched by the Government of Ethiopia (GoE) and the UN in December 2019 to progressively resolve displacement situations in the country. IOM will:



- Co-chair and support federal, regional, and zonal DSWGs;
- Provide technical support and institutional capacity-building to federal and regional governments, and advocate for principled durable solutions programming.
- Run intention surveys on IDPs intention to relocate, locally integrate or return to their place of origin.
- Facilitate IDPs preferred durable solution pathway (relocation, local integration, return to their place of origin), with the support of the government.
- Support IDPs/returnees through CBP approaches to attain durable solutions.



## PEACEBUILDING AND PEACE PRESERVATION

Given the fragility of state and community structures, IOM supports national processes to promote peace and reconciliation and the building of an inclusive peace infrastructure and dispute resolution mechanisms. IOM will:

**Funding Required**  
**\$3,000,000**



- Work closely with the Ministry of Peace at the federal level and with the Security and Admin Bureaus at the regional level to support the development of national and regional peacebuilding strategies, including on mitigation of hate speech.
- Support institutional capacity-building on conflict prevention, including conflict early warning systems, as well as customary and local conflict resolution mechanisms.
- Organize interactive socio-cultural and sporting activities such as theatre events, musical events, coffee ceremonies and football matches to foster social cohesion among various ethnic groups, including marginalized community members such as youth and women, and to strengthen the social contract between community members and the government.



## PROVISION OF WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE IN TRANSITIONAL AND POST-CRISIS SITUATIONS

In response to the drought in southern Ethiopia and in post-crisis contexts, IOM is looking for more permanent solutions for water shortages including through:

**Funding Required**  
**\$13,000,000**



- Rehabilitation of large- and small-scale non-functional water schemes or the drilling of new boreholes.
- Electrification or solarization of the water schemes for more efficiency and cost-effectiveness.
- Working with local Water Committees to strengthen governance for WASH infrastructure, and improve operations and maintenance for newly installed or rehabilitated infrastructure.
- Provides hygiene and health promotion activities, in coordination with the health team, to contain the spread of water-borne diseases.

These activities are implemented in coordination with emergency WASH activities to respond to the needs of impacted communities and help them endure future shocks. IOM implements WASH programming directly and through RRF sub-granting to international and national NGOs.



## HEALTH SYSTEM STRENGTHENING

IOM Ethiopia continues to support the recovery and strengthening of resilient health systems with the aim to move from the direct provision of essential services through IOM, to more comprehensive health services through bolstered national capacity. IOM support includes:

**Funding Required**  
**\$9,100,000**



- Capacity-building for government health workers and partners, procurement of essential medicines and supplies and rehabilitation or construction of damaged



health facilities, particularly in conflict-affected areas.



## MENTAL HEALTH AND PSYCHOSOCIAL SUPPORT: DIALOGUE AND SOCIAL COHESION TOWARDS RECOVERY AND CRISIS PREVENTION

IOM provides Mental Health and Psychosocial Support (MHPSS) at the individual, family and community levels, contributing to wider efforts to mend social fabrics and strengthen social cohesion. Supported community engagement activities include:

- Socio-relational and recreational activities, peer-support group activities, and celebration of holidays and other relevant events, such as World Mental Health Day in order to raise awareness on MHPSS.

**Funding Required**  
**\$1,300,000**



## RESTORING HOUSING, LAND AND PROPERTY RIGHTS

IOM works closely with relevant government institutions and partners to address post-conflict land and property issues. IOM's approach looks at land and property restitution as well as the rehabilitation and reconstruction of damaged infrastructure as part of a broader reconciliation process. IOM supports detailed assessments to ascertain needs, evaluates the cost of rehabilitations, and engages communities and local authorities through dialogues and capacity-building.

**Funding Required**  
**\$3,800,000**



## STRENGTHEN PREPAREDNESS AND REDUCE DISASTER RISK

**Funding Required**  
**\$11,100,000**

**People Targeted**  
**900,000**

### People Targeted Description

To strengthen preparedness and reduce disaster risks IOM supports local government structures and communities affected by displacement or at risk of displacement due to natural hazards in its disaster risk reduction work. IOM also works closely with affected communities to strengthen WASH preparedness efforts. Furthermore, IOM targets government health and MHPSS actors, contributing to the surveillance and management of outbreaks and strengthened MHPSS capacity as part of a unified health and mobility management approach.



## DISASTER PREVENTION

IOM works to prevent and/or mitigate displacement related to natural hazards and climate change through improved disaster risk management, preparedness and response. Proposed activities include:

- Research, hazard mapping and multi-hazard risk assessments, establishing community-based disaster risk management committees, including early warning systems, dialogue initiatives on mobility, risks, and resilience, and capacity-building of government on risk-informed policies and strategies, protection measures and policy development.

**Funding Required**  
**\$1,000,000**



## WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE IN PREPAREDNESS AND RISK REDUCTION

In areas prone to flooding and drought, IOM through RRF sub-granting to national NGOs, works with local communities to:

- Map risk areas and support community-based planning to improve community preparedness. Communities work to identify potential problems and then reinforce water and sanitation systems to withstand known hazards in the community.

**Funding Required**  
**\$7,700,000**



## HEALTH COMPONENTS OF PREPAREDNESS AND RISK REDUCTION

IOM continues to support the Government of Ethiopia to strengthen health system preparedness, detection and response capacities, in particular relating to disease surveillance at borders and in communities, outbreak case management and risk communication and community engagement (RCCE). This includes:

- Active participation in preparedness and response national technical working groups, such as for the Cholera and Ebola virus disease. For instance, in 2022, these forums have coordinated the response to a Cholera outbreak in Bale Zone, Oromia region.

**Funding Required**  
\$2,000,000



## SYSTEM STRENGTHENING FOR MENTAL HEALTH AND PSYCHOSOCIAL SUPPORT

To strengthen systems for mental health and psychosocial support in Ethiopia, IOM is:

- Supporting capacity-building for government workers and partners on MhGAP and other priority topics, deployment of community workers for MHPSS awareness-raising, rehabilitation or construction of one-stop centres where MHPSS services will be available, and procurement of psychotropics for government facilities.

**Funding Required**  
\$400,000



## CONTRIBUTE TO AN EVIDENCE BASED AND EFFICIENT CRISIS RESPONSE SYSTEM

**Funding Required**  
\$500,000

### People Targeted Description

IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) provides the GoE, humanitarian and development partners, as well as donors and other relevant stakeholders with a reliable and useful evidence base for planning, advocacy, and response. Since its launch in September 2016 in Ethiopia, the DTM has grown to be a fully integrated component of Ethiopia's national and sub-national information management architecture. It is the only official source of data on internal displacement in the country, the primary source of data used by the humanitarian community to inform the HNO/HRP, and is also used to inform durable solutions work, among others.



## DISPLACEMENT TRACKING

IOM's DTM regularly and systematically monitors human mobility within Ethiopia to provide insights into the location, vulnerabilities, demographic breakdown and needs of displaced and mobile populations to enable evidence-based responses by IOM and other humanitarian and development partners. DTM's data collection activities include:

- Quarterly Site Assessment (SA) and Village Assessment Survey (VAS) to assess the multi-sectoral needs of IDPs and returning IDPs, as well as the absorption capacity of return communities;
- Weekly Event Tracking Tool capturing sudden population movements to ensure partners have up to date information to respond;
- Household Level Surveys to delve deeper into thematic concerns such as drought and returns.
- Flow Monitoring captures inter-and intra-regional migration flows daily at key identified transit locations to inform development programming, including migrant assistance and protection programming;

**Funding Required**  
\$500,000



- DTM also provides technical capacity building on DTM tools and data protection for government and partners to improve data management and technical capacity.