

REGIONAL HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE TO THE CRISIS IN OCCUPIED PALESTINIAN TERRITORY

SITUATION REPORT #29 27 JUNE - 10 JULY 2024

SITUATION OVERVIEW



A displaced man receives an essential hygiene kit from UNRWA, delivered into Gaza via IOM's pipeline. Photo: UNRWA/2024

Strikes by the Israeli Defense Forces (IDF) continue, with aerial, land and maritime bombardment across the Gaza Strip resulting in civilian casualties, mass displacement and the destruction of homes and infrastructure. Since October 2023, nine out of ten people in Gaza have been internally displaced, with some experiencing displacement up to 10 times. Safety, along with access to appropriate shelter, health care, and water and sanitation facilities, is a priority concern for the displaced population.

The Rafah Border Crossing remains closed while the deteriorating law and order situation is obstructing the collection of aid from the Kareem Abu-Salem/Kerem Shalom Border Crossing. Additionally, the floating pier remains non-operational. Evacuation orders issued for all of Gaza City and attacks on al-Mawasi have increased needs and further destabilized aid flows.

The intensified hostilities and breakdown of law and order, coupled with access constraints and fuel shortages, are creating a highly volatile and risky operating environment for humanitarian workers. Tragically, nearly 200 UNRWA staff have been killed since October, and 188 UNRWA installations have been damaged. Despite challenges, IOM is leveraging its robust regional and global logistics chains to ramp up aid deliveries into Gaza. By collaborating with humanitarian partners, IOM is supporting more resources to those in urgent need.



1.9M

people internally displaced
in the Gaza Strip

[10 JULY / UNRWA](#)

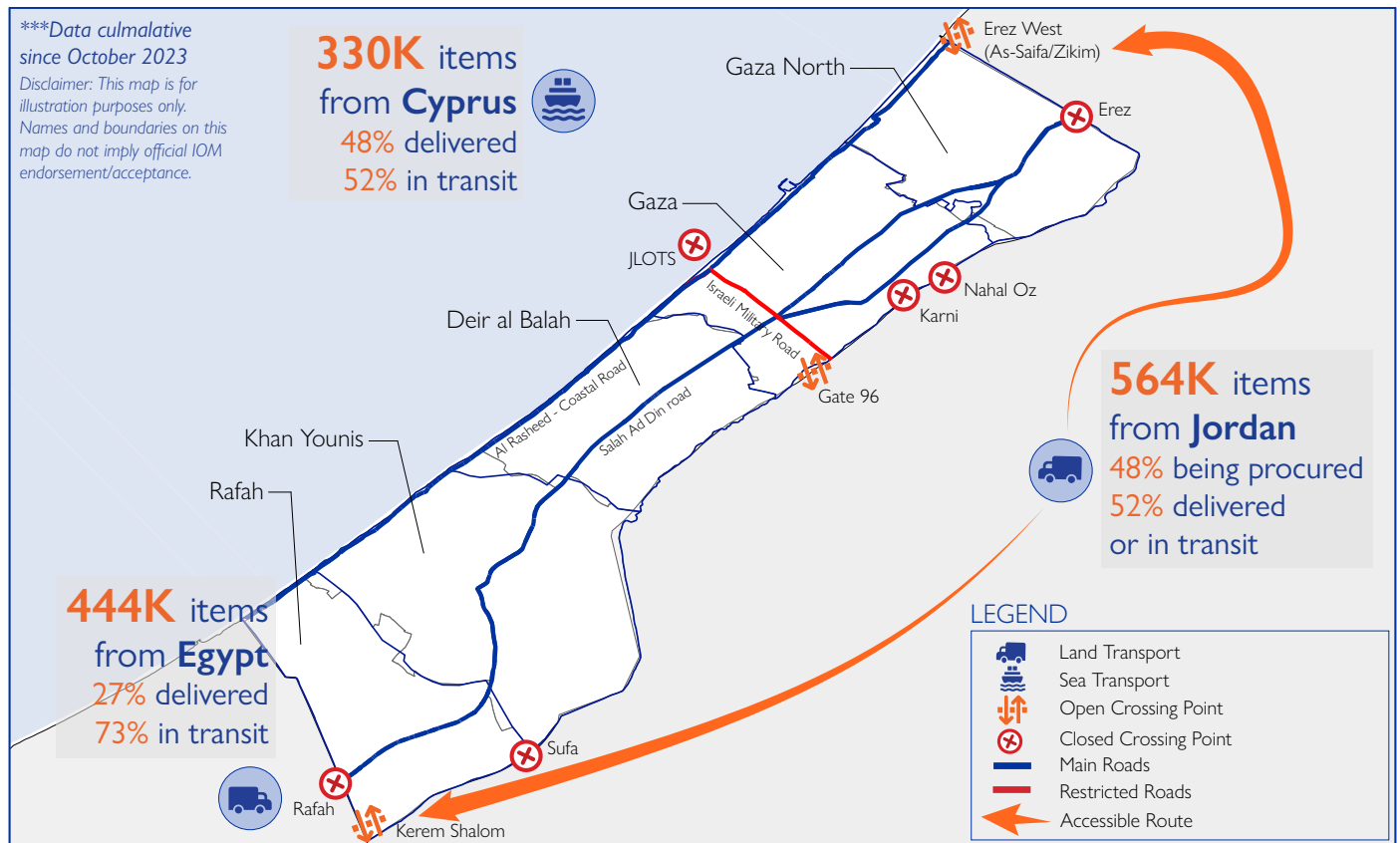


UNRWA distributing hygiene kits to displaced persons, delivered to Gaza through IOM's pipeline. Photo: UNRWA/2024

IOM'S RESPONSE

DELIVERING ESSENTIAL AID TO GAZA

IOM is leveraging its regional and global logistics networks to deliver essential aid across the border into Gaza, where it is then distributed to those in need by UN, INGO and NGO partners. The items are sourced through various mechanisms, including bilateral partnerships, in-kind donations and IOM Gaza Response's Common Pipeline.



CYPRUS CORRIDOR

Aid transported through the Cyprus corridor remained on a beach in Gaza for several weeks before it could be safely moved to appropriate warehousing. This delay raised concerns about possible unauthorized appropriation of the aid and the safe utilization of perishable goods, as well as creating a backlog of items waiting for transportation from Cyprus. Frequent heavy winds and waves led to the repeated removal and reinstallation of the floating pier at Gaza Beach, causing further delays in the delivery of goods. The international community and humanitarian actors are exploring the use of Ashdod port in Israel and the Erez Border Crossing as alternate entry points into Gaza, which will impact IOM's Common Pipeline routes.

JORDAN CORRIDOR

IOM continues to coordinate with the Jordanian Royal Medical Services (RMS) to plan for the deployment of the Level II Field Hospitals. A needs assessment for necessary and urgent medical and surgical equipment is ongoing and will be incorporated into future funding plans.

EGYPT CORRIDOR

IOM is coordinating with the UN Gaza Humanitarian Support Team in Al-Arish, an Egyptian city close to the Gaza border. The Support Team is collaborating with the Egyptian Red Crescent Society to enhance the humanitarian community's storage capacity at the border, including cold chain capabilities, upgrading a database for quality control of perishable items and managing the fleet of standby UN aid trucks.

LEBANON

10,256 people received multi-sectoral humanitarian assistance

As of 09 July 2024, [IOM Lebanon's Displacement Tracking Matrix \(DTM\)](#) has recorded 98,002 internally displaced persons, an increase of 1,173 since 25 June 2024. Seventy-eight per cent of them are sheltering in five districts in the south — Sour, El Nabatieh, Saida, Baabda and Beirut. IOM's Site Coordination team is coordinating with the national Disaster Risk Management team, the Shelter sector, and the Lebanon Red Cross Disaster Risk Reduction teams to finalize Site Standard Operating Procedures, the Site Management Guidance and other tools. These critical tools will support Lebanon's preparedness for potential further displacement.

THE IOM GAZA RESPONSE IS SUPPORTED BY

